CLAIM LISTING

- 1. (Currently amended) Apparatus for monitoring fetal behaviour comprising:
 - (i) an input for receiving ECG data from a set of electrodes <u>adapted to be attached to a maternal body abdomen</u>;
 - (ii) a waveform pre-processor for identifying a succession of fetal ECG complex waveforms within the received data;
 - (iii) a waveform processor for determining differences in the <u>shapes of a</u> succession of fetal ECG complex waveforms over time; and
 - (iv) an event logger determining from the determined differences a number of fetal movements during the period of time.
- 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further including a plurality of electrodes for positioning at different locations on the maternal abdomen.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2 in which the number of electrodes is two.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 in which the waveform pre-processor includes a discriminator for discriminating between maternal ECG complexes and fetal ECG complexes in a received waveform.
- 5. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 4 in which the waveform pre-processor includes means for subtracting the maternal ECG complexes from the received waveform.
- 6. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1 in which the waveform pre-processor comprises means for identifying the a QRS complex in the fetal ECG data.

- 7. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 in which the waveform processor comprises:
 - a memory storing a plurality of fetal ECG complex templates each corresponding to
 a specific fetal spatial presentation and/or position;
 - (ii) a comparator for comparing each of the identified fetal ECG waveforms with a set of predetermined ones of the fetal ECG complex templates and determining at least one template from said set of templates that best matches each identified fetal ECG waveform.
- 8. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 7 in which the memory stores a plurality of fetal ECG complex templates each corresponding to a specific fetal spatial presentation and/or position relative to a specific <u>one of a plurality of different</u> electrode configurations.
- 9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 in which the event logger records occasions on which the determined template changes.
- 10. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 7 further <u>including includes</u> means for selecting the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates according to a <u>preselected one of a plurality</u> of configurations of ECG electrodes positioned on the maternal abdomen.
- 11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7 in which the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates includes templates corresponding to at least cephalic presentation, breech presentation, shoulder dorsoanterior presentation and shoulder dorsoposterior presentation.
- 12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 in which the waveform processor comprises means for detecting phase changes between successive fetal ECG complex waveforms.

- 13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12 in which the waveform processor comprises means for detecting phase changes of one or more predetermined magnitudes between successive fetal ECG complex waveforms.
- 14. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 12 in which the event logger records occasions on which a phase change occurs.
- 15. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 1 in which the waveform processor is adapted to determine differences in fetal complex waveforms by detecting change in the positive and/or negative relative proportions of energy of a fetal ECG complex waveform above and below relative to a baseline reference.
- 16. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 15 in which the <u>baseline reference is the</u>
 <u>isoelectric line</u> waveform processor is adapted to determine differences in fetal complex waveforms

 by detecting changes in the relative quantities of positive and negative energy of a fetal ECG

 complex waveform relative to a baseline.
- 17. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 15 in which the reference is derived from comprises a previous or average fetal ECG complex waveform.
- 18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further including a display for displaying a count of the number of fetal movements detected.
- 19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the waveform processor further includes a fetal heart rate monitor.

- 20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further including an alarm for indicating if the number of fetal movements during a period of time falls below a predetermined threshold.
- 21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1 further including a memory for storing fetal movement event data and an electronic interface for downloading said event data to a remote device.
- 22. (Currently amended) A method for monitoring fetal behaviour comprising:
 - (i) obtaining fetal ECG data over a period of time;
 - (ii) identifying a succession of fetal ECG complex waveforms within the data;
 - (iii) determining differences in the <u>shapes of a succession</u> of fetal ECG complex waveforms over time; and
 - (iv) determining from the determined differences a number of fetal movements during the period of time.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22 in which step (i) comprises obtaining fetal ECG data from a plurality of electrodes positioned at different locations on the maternal abdomen.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23 in which step (ii) includes the step of discriminating between maternal ECG complexes and fetal ECG complexes in a received waveform.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 24 in which step (ii) includes subtracting the maternal ECG complexes from the received waveform.
- 26. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22 in which step (ii) comprises identifying the a QRS complex in the fetal ECG data.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 22 in which step (iii) includes:

- (i) comparing each of the identified fetal ECG waveforms with a set of predetermined fetal ECG complex templates; and
- (ii) determining at least one template from said set of templates that best matches each identified fetal ECG waveform.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 27 in which step (iv) comprises determining the number of successive occasions on which the determined template changes during the period of time.
- 29. (Currently amended) The method of claim 27 in which the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates is selected according to a <u>preselected one of a plurality of configurations</u> of ECG electrodes positioned on the maternal abdomen.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 27 in which the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates includes templates corresponding to at least cephalic presentation, breech presentation, shoulder dorsoanterior presentation and shoulder dorsoposterior presentation.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 27 in which step (iii) comprises detecting phase changes between successive fetal ECG complex waveforms.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 22 in which step (iii) comprises detecting phase changes of one or more predetermined magnitudes between successive fetal ECG complex waveforms.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 31 in which step (iv) comprises determining the number of successive occasions on which a phase change occurs during the period of time.

- 34. (Currently amended) The method of claim 22 in which the differences determined in step (iii) comprise change in the positive and/or negative relative proportions of energy of a fetal ECG complex waveform above and below a baseline relative to a reference.
- 35. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34 in which the <u>baseline is the isoelectric line</u> differences determined in step (iii) comprise changes in the relative quantities of positive and <u>negative energy</u> of a fetal ECG complex <u>waveform relative to a baseline</u>.
- 36. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34 in which the reference <u>is derived from</u> emprises a previous or average fetal ECG complex waveform.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 22 further including the step of displaying or logging a cumulative count of the number of fetal movements within the period of time.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 22 further including the step of monitoring fetal heart rate.
- 39. (Original) The method of claim 22 further including the step of indicating an alarm condition if the number of fetal movements during the period of time falls below a predetermined threshold.
- 40. (Currently amended) Apparatus for determining fetal spatial presentation and/or position within the uterus comprising:
 - (i) an input for receiving ECG data from a set of electrodes <u>adapted to be</u> attached to a maternal abdomen in a predetermined configuration;
 - (ii) a waveform pre-processor for identifying a number of fetal ECG complex waveforms within the data;

- (iii) a memory storing a plurality of fetal ECG complex templates each corresponding to a specific fetal spatial presentation and/or position; and
- (iv) a comparator for comparing the shape of each of the received waveforms with a set of the plurality of fetal ECT complex templates ascribed to the predetermined electrode configuration and determining a template from said set of templates that best matches the identified fetal ECT waveforms.
- 41. (Original) The apparatus of claim 40 in which the waveform pre-processor comprises means for discriminating between maternal ECG complexes and fetal ECG complexes in the received ECG data.
- 42. (Original) The apparatus of claim 41 in which the waveform pre-processor includes means for subtracting the maternal ECG complexes from the received ECG data.
- 43. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 40 in which the waveform pre-processor comprises means for identifying the a QRS complex in the fetal ECG data.
- 44. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 40 further including means for selecting the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates to be used according to which of a plurality of predetermined the configurations of ECG electrodes is used in positioning the electrodes positioned on the maternal abdomen.
- 45. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 40 further including a set of said electrodes for attachment to the maternal abdomen.
- 46. (Original) The apparatus of claim 45 in which the number of electrodes is two.

- 47. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 40 in which each template corresponds to a specific fetal spatial presentation and position relative to a <u>preselected one of a plurality of specific electrode configurations</u>.
- 48. (Currently amended) A method for determining fetal spatial presentation and/or position within the uterus comprising:
 - (i) obtaining fetal ECG data from a plurality of electrodes positioned on the maternal abdomen in a predetermined configuration;
 - (ii) identifying a number of fetal ECG complex waveforms within the data;
 - (iii) comparing the shape of each of the waveforms with a set of predetermined fetal ECG complex templates ascribed to the predetermined electrode configuration; and
 - (iv) determining a template from said set of templates that best matches the identified fetal ECG waveforms.
- 49. (Original) The method of claim 48 in which step (ii) includes the step of discriminating between maternal ECG complexes and fetal ECG complexes in a received waveform.
- 50. (Original) The method of claim 49 in which step (ii) includes subtracting the maternal ECG complexes from the received waveform.
- 51. (Currently amended) The method of claim 48 in which step (ii) comprises identifying <u>a</u> the QRS complex in the fetal ECG data.
- 52. (Original) The method of claim 48 in which the set of predetermined fetal ECG templates is selected according to the configuration of ECG electrodes positioned on the maternal abdomen.
- 53. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48 in which the number of electrodes is two.

54. (Currently amended) The method of claim 48 in which each template corresponds to a specific fetal spatial presentation and position relative to a <u>preselected one of a plurality of specific electrode configurations</u>.